Lex and Yacc Extra Credit

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LAB 10 and ciLisp project will require you to use two new Unix utilities: lex and yacc. You are encouraged to read papers and view YouTube videos on how to use lex and yacc. Under LAB 10 in Canvas, you can find two YouTube links introducing lex/yacc. (Let me know if you find better videos.)

There is an excellent paper titled **A Compact Guide to Lex & Yacc** also found under LAB 10. This introductory paper provides sample code for two calculators called calc and calc3.

Implement the calc example as described in the paper and you'll receive 2 extra credit points.

Implement the calc3 example for the compiler, interpreter, and syntax tree graph and you'll receive an additional 3 points.

In total, you can receive up to 5 points of extra credit. The 5 points go towards the overall 600 class points but **will not** be added to the 105 out of 150 points needed to pass the lab section of the course.

YOU CAN COPY THE CODE IN THE PAPER. YOU JUST NEED TO GET IT TO WORK.

To receive extra credit, upload your code and run scripts to comp232.com in CALC and CALC3 directories and then email me.

The run script that I used for calc is:

john@oho:~/CALC\$ **more run** yacc -d calc.y lex calc.l gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -ll -o calc

Note: The calc.y code on page 15 is missing a "#include <stdio.h>" after the first %{ group needed to support the printf calls.

Below is sample output of the calc program found in Practice, Part II (usually found on pages 16-18).

john@oho:~/CALC\$ **calc** 12+5 17 6-9 -3 22 * 10 220 22/10 2 q Quit Below is sample output of the calc3 program found in Calculator section (usually found on pages 19-33).

To compile the graphing calc3 program, you can use:

john@oho:~/CALC3\$ **more runi** yacc -d calc3.y lex calc3.l cc interpreter.c lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o calc3i

john@oho:~ /CALC3\$ **more runc** yacc -d calc3.y lex calc3.l cc compiler.c lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o calc3c

john@oho:~ /CALC3\$ **more rung** yacc -d calc3.y lex calc3.l cc graph.c lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o calc3g

The above run scripts are executable:

john@oho:~ /CALC3\$ **Is -I run*** -rwxr-xr-x 1 john john 68 Mar 29 22:32 runc -rwxr-xr-x 1 john john 65 Mar 29 22:30 rung -rwxr-xr-x 1 john john 71 Mar 29 22:31 runi

The program used in the paper is:

```
john@oho:~$ more program.txt
x = 0;
while (x < 3) {
    print x;
    x = x + 1;
}</pre>
```

The example run for the compiler calc3c follows:

```
john@oho:~ /CALC3$ calc3c < program.txt

push 0

pop x

L000:

push x

push 3

compLT
```

```
jz L001
push x
print
push x
push 1
add
pop x
jmp L000
L001:
```

The example run for the interpreter calc3 follows:

john@oho:~ /CALC3\$ calc3i < program.txt 0 1 2

The example run for the graphing syntax tree calc3 follows:

```
john@oho:~/CALC3$ calc3g < program.txt
```

```
Graph 0:
[=]
|
|----|
| |
id(X) c(0)
```

```
Graph 1:
```

